



#### Lecturers:

Lasse Engbo Christiansen Technical University of Denmark, Denmark

Kurt Frischmuth University of Rostock, Germany

Poul Hjorth
Technical University of Denmark, Denmark

Henrik Madsen Technical University of Denmark, Denmark

Alexander Meister University of Rostock, Germany

Jan Kloppenborg Møller Technical University of Denmark, Denmark

Klaus Neymeyr University of Rostock, Germany

Jan Sieber University of Exeter, UK

Mads Peter Sørensen Technical University of Denmark, Denmark

Jens Starke University of Rostock, Germany





www.math.uni-rostock.de/complexsystems



# Practical information:

#### **Prerequisites**

Basic mathematical knowledge (as typically contained in the first two years studying math, science or engineering at university level) including analysis, linear algebra, ordinary differential equations, statistics, and Matlab.

Note: For those who do not meet these prerequisites we provide additional references or material for independent preparation.

#### Workload

Approximately 110-150 hours in total, including work during the course period at the University of Rostock (lectures, exercises, discussions) as well as preparatory required reading before course start and performing follow-up course work.

#### **Study Material**

Course material will be provided to the participants. Preparatory reading of some of the material is required.

#### Language

All lectures will be given in English.

#### Certificates

ECTS points: 3+2. To pass the course, active participation in all activities is required; this includes successful exercise work during the course, student presentations of the exercise (3 ECTS) and hand-in of follow-up course work (add. 2 ECTS).

#### **Registration and Registration Fee**

Please register on the website given below not later than 15th of July, 2017. Submission of a CV with a list of passed courses is required. The course fee is 100 EUR (to be paid on arrival) and includes course material, a welcome BBQ, joint breakfast each morning, numerous coffee/tea breaks with cookies and an excursion. Travel expenses, accomodation and meals should be covered by the participants themselves.

#### **Location and Housing**

The location is Inst. of Mathematics, Ulmenstraße 69, Haus 3. Lodging in Rostock is available at a moderate cost. Reservation in good time is highly recommended. A limited number of scholarships to cover this are available based on application.

For further details and registration see: www.math.uni-rostock.de/complexsystems



One week summerschool at bachelor level

Mathematical Modelling, Nonlinear Dynamics, Stochastic and Complex **Systems** 

> August 27 – September 2, 2017 Rostock, Germany



# **Organizer:**

Jens Starke University of Rostock Institute for Mathematics Ulmenstr. 69, Haus 3 D-18057 Rostock Germany complexsystems@uni-rostock.de

www.math.uni-rostock.de/complexsystems

This summer school will give a unique introduction into modelling with differential equations combined with data analysis. This includes both deterministic dynamical systems theory as well as stochastic systems. Lectures will cover mathematical techniques for analysing complex systems of various fields in science and engineering. All theoretical parts of the course will be accompanied with hands on exercises using real life examples ranging from mechanics over medicine to economy.

Teaching starts at 27th of August at 2PM sharp. The program is intense with lectures from 9AM until 6PM including a one hour lunch break. Every day the organisers will provide breakfast from 8:00-8:45. On Sunday the 27th we will have a barbecue in the evening and we will offer a sight-seeing tour in Rostock one afternoon during the week.

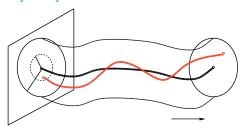
## Lectures include:

# Mathematical modelling, differential equations, existence and stability theory

Important examples of differential equations in science and engineering, mathematical modelling, elementary solution methods, existence and uniqueness, numerical solutions, phase space, Lyapunov stability, asymptotic stability and Lyapunov functions.

#### Practical exercise:

Numerical solution of a differential equation with the Picard iteration. Infection modelling and stability analysis of the model.



### **Numerical methods**

Runge-Kutta methods for non-stiff and stiff systems, error estimation, adaptive step size control, sensitivity equations, dynamic optimization, parameter estimation and optimal control.

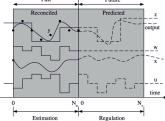
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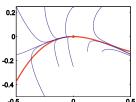
Practical exercise: Optimal control in an artificial pancreas for type 1 diabetics.



# Theory of invariant manifolds

Stable manifolds, unstable manifolds, center manifolds, homoclinic orbits, heteroclinic orbits and center manifold reduction.

Theorem of Poincaré-Bendixon, Poincaré-sections,



# Practical exercise: Sensitivity of dependence on initial values in a chemical

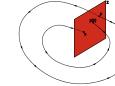
reaction.

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# stability of periodic orbits and forced oscillators.

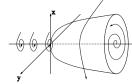
**Periodic solutions** 

Practical exercise: Modelling a swing; analysis of the Mathieu equation.



# Bifurcations and the implicit function theorem

Implicit function theorem, structural stability,



, structural stability, saddle-node bifurcation, transcritical bifurcation, pitchfork bifurcation, Hopf bifurcation and continuation techniques.

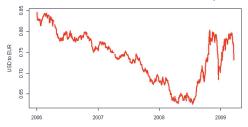
#### **Practical exercise:**

Modelling an electric circuit and Van der Pol oscillator.

# Time series analysis

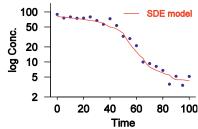
Characteristics for time series, parametric and nonparametric modelling, models for linear and nonlinear time series, model identification, estimation and verification, predictions in time series.

# Practical exercise: Prediction of bond prices.



# Stochastic differential equations

Introduction to stochastic differential equations, Itô and Stratonovich integrals, grey-box modelling, parameter estimation and model building.



**Practical exercise:** Stochastic modelling of the insulin glucose relation.

# Travelling waves and pattern formation

Nonlinear partial differential equations, travelling waves and soliton solutions, Korteweg de Vries equation, complex pattern formation in reaction diffusion equations, reduction to systems of ordinary differential equations, homoclinic and heteroclinic connections.

# Practical exercise: Spiral waves in the Belousov-Zhabotinsky reaction.

